NJSIAA Banned-Drug Classes 2010 - 2011

The term "related compounds" comprises substances that are included in the class by their pharmacological action and/or chemical structure. No substance belonging to the prohibited class may be used, regardless of whether it is specifically listed as an example.

Many nutritional/dietary supplements contain NJSIAA banned substances. In addition, the U. S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA) does not strictly regulate the supplement industry; therefore purity and safety of nutritional dietary supplements cannot be guaranteed. Impure supplements may lead to a positive NJSIAA drug test. The use of supplements is at the student-athlete's own risk. Student-athletes should contact their physician or athletic trainer for further information.

The following is a list of banned-drug classes, with examples of banned substances under each class:

(a) Stimulants amiphenazole amphetamine bemiande benzphetamine bromantan caffine (guorana) chlorphentermine

cocaine cropropamide crothetamide diethylpropion

dimethylamphetamine

doxapram ephedrine

(ephedra, ma huang)

ethamivan ethylamphetamine fencamfamine meclofenoxate methamphetamine

methylenedioxymethamphetamine

(MDMA, ecstasy) methylphenidate nikethamide pemoline pentetrazol phendimetrazine phenmetrazine phentermine

phenylpropanolamine (ppa)

picrotoxine pipradol prolintane strychnine synephrine

(citrus aurantium, zhi shi, bitter

orange)

and related compounds

(b) Anabolic Agents anabolic steroids

androstenediol androstenedione boldenone

clostebol

dehydrochlormethyltestosterone dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA)

dihydrotestosterone (DHT)

dromostanolone epitrenbolone fluoxymesterone gestrinone mesterolone methandienone methenolone

methyltestosterone

nandrolone norandrostenediol norandrostenedione norethandrolone oxandrolone oxymesterone oxymetholone pregnelone stanozolol testosterone² tetrahvdrogestrinone

(THG) trenbolone

and related compounds other anabolic agents

clenbuterol

(c) Diuretics acetazolamide bendroflumethiazide

benzhiazide bumetanide chlorothiazide chlorthalidone ethacrynic acid

flumethiazide furosemide hydrochlorothiazide hydroflumenthiazide

methyclothiazide metolazone polythiazide quinethazone spironolactone triamterene

trichlormethiazide and related compounds

(d) Peptide Hormones & Analogues:

corticotrophin (ACTH)

human chorionic gonadotrophin (hCG)

leutenizing hormone (LH)

growth hormone (HGH, somatotrophin) insulin like growth hormone (IGF-1)

All the respective releasing factors of the above-mentioned substances also are banned:

erythropoietin (EPO) darbypoetin sermorelin

(e) Definitions of positive depends on the following:

¹ for caffine – if the concentration in urine exceeds 15 micrograms/ml

² for testosterone – if administration of testosterone or use of any other manipulation has the result of increasing the ratio of the total concentration of testosterone to that of epitestosterone in the urine of greater than 6:1, unless there is evidence that this ratio is due to a physiological or pathological condition.